

The Yield Curve/Term Structure of Interest Rates

- So far we have assumed that interest rates are constant across time
- In fact, interest rates vary considerably depending on how long you are going to borrow/lend:
 - Long term interest rates reflect investors' expectations of future real interest rates and inflation in coming years
 - If either inflation or the real interest rate are expected to change in the future, then long term rates will differ from short term rates.

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Treasury STRIPS & the Yield Curve

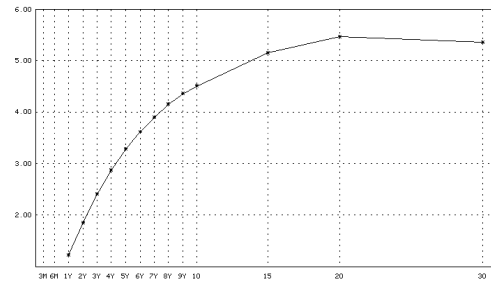
- U.S. Treasury **STRIPS** are the “stripped” coupons from T-Bills and Bonds . The prices of these STRIPS are reported as price per \$100 of face value.
- Denote the price of a “n” year STRIP bond by B_n
- The ytm of a “n” year STRIP bond, y_n is

$$B_n = \frac{100}{(1 + y_n)^n} \Rightarrow y_n = \left(\frac{100}{B_n} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1$$

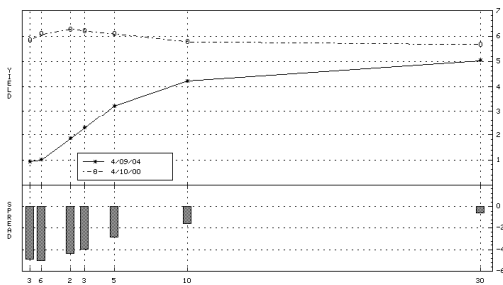
Prices – U.S. Government Strips (2004)

	DESCRIPTION	PRICE	SRC	UPDATE	YIELD	HEDGED YIELD
BHD	1)					
BHD	2)					
1YR	3) S 0 02/15/05	B 98.9728	BGN	16:00	1.2280	1.2280
2YR	4) S 0 02/15/06	B 95.5712	BGN	16:00	1.9450	1.9450
3YR	5) S 0 02/15/07	B 93.4467	BGN	16:00	2.3980	2.3980
4YR	6) S 0 02/15/08	B 89.6602	BGN	16:00	2.8600	2.8600
5YR	7) S 0 02/15/09	B 85.4620	BGN	16:00	3.2700	3.2700
6YR	8) S 0 02/15/10	B 81.0597	BGN	16:00	3.6260	3.6260
7YR	9) S 0 02/15/11	B 76.8086	BGN	16:00	3.8930	3.8930
8YR	10) S 0 02/15/12	B 72.4463	BGN	16:00	4.1520	4.1520
9YR	11) S 0 02/15/13	B 68.2884	BGN	16:00	4.3600	4.3600
10YR	12) S 0 02/15/14	B 64.4367	BGN	16:00	4.5150	4.5150
15YR	13) S 0 02/15/18	B 49.4847	BGN	16:00	5.1470	5.1470
20YR	14) S 0 02/15/23	B 36.1386	BGN	16:00	5.4750	5.4750
30YR	15) S 0 02/15/31	B 24.2190	BGN	16:00	5.3530	5.3530

Yield Curve – U.S. Government Strips (2004)



Change in Yield Curve – U.S. Government Strips (2000 vs. 2004)



Using market bond prices to discount cash flows

- Corporations use bond prices when evaluating a stream of certain cash flows.

Example: Suppose that you are considering an investment in a project that generates the following cash flows with perfect certainty:

Date	1	2	3	4
Cash flow	\$50	\$100	\$100	\$100

You also know the discount bond (STRIPS) prices

Date	1	2	3	4
Price B_t	\$98	\$95	\$92	\$88

What is the PV of the cash flows from the project?

There are two ways to calculate the PV:

Method I: use the discount bond (STRIPS) prices directly ...

The PV of \$1 received in “n” years is $B_n/100$.

Method II: use yields to maturity ...

Date	1	2	3	4
y_j	2.04%	2.60%	2.82%	3.25%

No-Arbitrage Pricing of Coupon Bonds

- We can value coupon bonds using the prices of STRIPS

Example: Suppose that you are given the option to purchase a 5 year coupon bond with annual coupon rate 10% and face value of \$1,000. Also you have the following Treasury STRIPS data:

Years to Maturity	1	2	3	4	5
STRIPS Price	\$98	\$95	\$92	\$89	\$85

What must the price of the bond be?

Pricing Coupon Bonds with STRIPS prices

- In general the price of a bond is,

$$\text{Bond price} = \sum_{i=1}^n C_i \times \left(\frac{B_i}{100} \right)$$

Where C_i is the i 'th payment (including coupons and principal) and B_i is the “time matched” STRIPS price.

Term Structure Implied by Coupon Bonds

- We have showed how to price coupon bonds using the prices of STRIPS.
- STRIPS are priced using the prices of coupon bonds.

Example: Consider the following coupon bond prices:

	Years to maturity	Face value	Coupon Rate	Current price
Bond A	1	\$1,000	5%	\$997.5
Bond B	2	\$1,000	8%	\$1,048

What are the prices and ytm's of the one and two year discount bonds?

Method I:

- The one year ytm,
- The two year ytm,

Method II:

- The price of a one year STRIP,
- The price of a two year STRIP,

Synthetic Discount Bonds

How could you synthetically construct 1 and 2 discount bonds (with face value \$100) from the two previous coupon bonds?

Synthetic 1 year zero coupon bond:

Synthetic 2 year zero coupon bond: